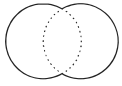


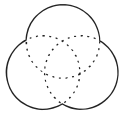
Overview



Transparency:

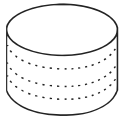
31 /100

(Open Budget Index score)



Public Participation:

2 /100



Budget Oversight:

41 /100

About the survey

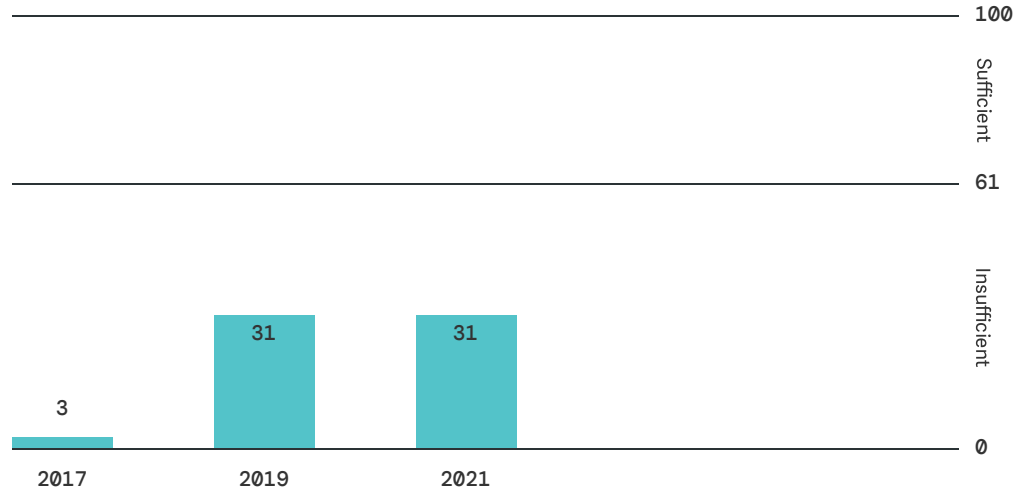
Government budget decisions – what taxes to levy, what services to provide, and how much debt to take on – have important consequences for all people in society. When governments provide information and meaningful channels for the public to engage in these decisions, we can better ensure public money is spent on public interests.

The Open Budget Survey (OBS) is the world’s only independent, comparative and fact-based research instrument that uses internationally accepted criteria to assess public access to central government budget information; formal opportunities for the public to participate in the national budget process; and the role of budget oversight institutions, such as legislatures and national audit offices, in the budget process.

The survey helps local civil society assess and confer with their government on the reporting and use of public funds. This 8th edition of the OBS covers 120 countries.

Visit www.internationalbudget.org/open-budget-survey for more information, including the full OBS methodology, the 2021 Global and Regional Reports, findings for all surveyed countries, and the Data Explorer.

How has the transparency score for Eswatini changed over time?



Public availability of budget documents in Eswatini

KEY

- Available to the Public
- Published Late, or Not Published Online, or Produced for Internal Use Only
- ⊘ Not Produced

Document	2017	2019	2021
Pre-Budget Statement	●	●	●
Executive's Budget Proposal	●	●	●
Enacted Budget	●	●	●
Citizens Budget	⊘	⊘	●
In-Year Reports	⊘	●	●
Mid-Year Review	●	●	●
Year-End Report	●	●	●
Audit Report	●	●	●

How comprehensive is the content of the key budget documents that Eswatini makes available to the public?

KEY	
● 61-100 / 100	
● 41-60 / 100	
● 1-40 / 100	

Key budget document	Document purpose and contents	Fiscal year assessed	Document content score
Pre-Budget Statement	Discloses the broad parameters of fiscal policies in advance of the Executive's Budget Proposal; outlines the government's economic forecast, anticipated revenue, expenditures, and debt.	2020-21	Internal Use
Executive's Budget Proposal	Submitted by the executive to the legislature for approval; details the sources of revenue, the allocations to ministries, proposed policy changes, and other information important for understanding the country's fiscal situation.	2020-21	48
Enacted Budget	The budget that has been approved by the legislature.	2020-21	Hard Copy
Citizens Budget	A simpler and less technical version of the government's Executive's Budget Proposal or the Enacted Budget, designed to convey key information to the public.	2020-21	33
In-Year Reports	Include information on actual revenues collected, actual expenditures made, and debt incurred at different intervals; issued quarterly or monthly.	2020-21	Internal Use
Mid-Year Review	A comprehensive update on the implementation of the budget as of the middle of the fiscal year; includes a review of economic assumptions and an updated forecast of budget outcomes.	2020-21	41
Year-End Report	Describes the situation of the government's accounts at the end of the fiscal year and, ideally, an evaluation of the progress made toward achieving the budget's policy goals.	2018-19	Internal Use
Audit Report	Issued by the supreme audit institution, this document examines the soundness and completeness of the government's year-end accounts.	2018-19	48

Eswatini's transparency score of **31** in the OBS 2021 is largely the same as its score in 2019.

What changed in OBS 2021?

Eswatini has increased the availability of budget information by:

- Publishing the Citizens Budget and Mid-Year Review online.

However, Eswatini has decreased the availability of budget information by:

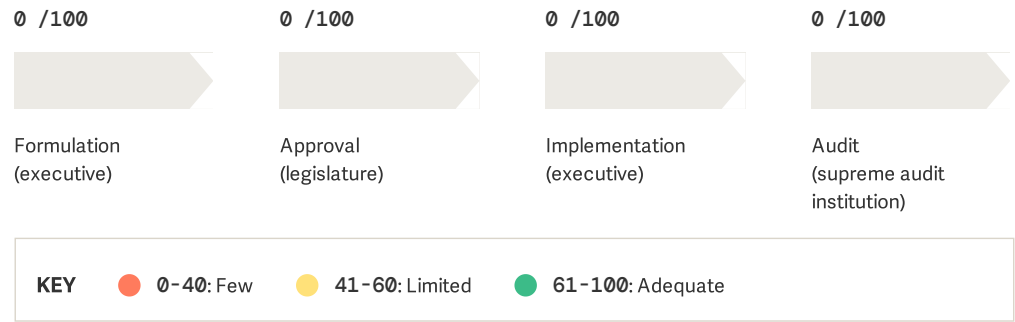
- Producing the Enacted Budget in hard copy but not making it available online.

Recommendations

Eswatini should prioritize the following actions to improve budget transparency:

- Publish the Pre-Budget Statement, Enacted Budget, In-Year Reports and Year-End Report online in a timely manner.
- Include in the Executive's Budget Proposal data on the financial position of the government and information on performance and policy. This includes information on financial and nonfinancial assets held by the government, as well as projections for the nominal GDP and interest rates for the upcoming budget year. Additionally, the Executive's Budget Proposal should include an analysis that shows the impact of different macroeconomic assumptions on estimates of expenditures, revenue, and debt (i.e., sensitivity analysis).
- Improve the comprehensiveness of the Citizens Budget and Mid-Year Review.

Extent of opportunities for public participation in the budget process



Recommendations

To further strengthen public participation in the budget process, Eswatini's Ministry of Finance should prioritize the following actions:

- Pilot mechanisms to engage the public during budget formulation and to monitor budget implementation.
- Actively engage with vulnerable and underrepresented communities, directly or through civil society organizations representing them.

Eswatini's Parliament has established public hearings related to the review of the Audit Report, but should also prioritize the following actions:

- Allow members of the public or civil society organizations to testify during its hearings on the budget proposal prior to its approval.
- Allow any member of the public or any civil society organization to testify during its hearings on the Audit Report.

Eswatini's Office of the Auditor General should prioritize the following actions to improve public participation in the budget process:

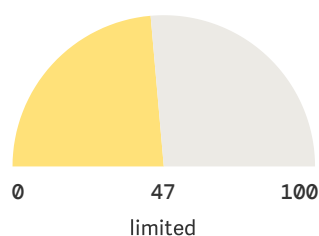
- Establish formal mechanisms for the public to assist in developing its audit program and to contribute to relevant audit investigations.

Budget Oversight

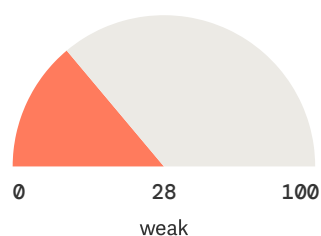
The OBS examines the role that legislatures and supreme audit institutions (SAIs) play in the budget process and the extent to which they provide oversight; each country is scored on a scale from 0 to 100 based on 18 equally weighted indicators. In addition, the survey collects supplementary information on independent fiscal institutions (see Box).

The legislature and supreme audit institution in Eswatini, together, provide limited oversight during the budget process, with a composite oversight score of **41** (out of 100). Taken individually, the extent of each institution's oversight is shown below:

Legislative oversight



Audit oversight



KEY ● 0-40: Few ● 41-60: Limited ● 61-100: Adequate

Recommendations

Eswatini's Parliament provides weak oversight during the planning stage of the budget cycle and limited oversight during the implementation stage. To improve oversight, the following actions should be prioritized:

- The Executive's Budget Proposal should be submitted to legislators at least two months before the start of the budget year.
- Legislative committees should examine the Executive's Budget Proposal and publish reports with their analysis online.
- A legislative committee should examine in-year budget implementation and publish reports with their findings online.

- In practice, ensure the legislature is consulted before the executive spends any unanticipated revenue.

To strengthen independence and improve audit oversight by the Eswatini Office of the Auditor General, the following actions are recommended:

- Require legislative or judicial approval to appoint and remove the head of the supreme audit institution.
- Ensure the supreme audit institution has adequate funding to perform its duties, as determined by an independent body (e.g., the legislature or judiciary).
- Ensure audit processes are reviewed by an independent agency.

The emerging practice of establishing independent fiscal institutions

Eswatini does not have an independent fiscal institution (IFI). IFIs are increasingly recognized as valuable independent and nonpartisan information providers to the Executive and/or Parliament during the budget process.

**These indicators are *not* scored in the Open Budget Survey.*

Methodology

- Only documents published and events, activities, or developments that took place through 31 December 2020 were assessed in the OBS 2021.
- The survey is based on a questionnaire completed in each country by an independent budget expert:
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communications@cango.org.sz
- To further strengthen the research, each country's draft questionnaire is also reviewed by an anonymous independent expert, and in Eswatini by a representative of the Ministry of Finance.